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इस पुस्तक में संकलित लेखों एवं शोध-पत्रों में जो भी विचार व्यक्त किए गए हैं, वह पूर्णतः लेखकों के हैं। इससे सम्पादक मण्डल और प्रकाशक का सहमत होना आवश्यक नहीं है। लेखकों से प्राप्त हस्तलिखित, मुद्रित एवं सी.डी. की प्रतिलिपियों को उसी कप में प्रकाशित किया गया है तथा मुद्रित लेखों के परीक्षण में पूर्ण सावधानी बरती गई है। लेखकों द्वारा प्रेषित या उपलब्ध कर्राई गई विषय-वस्तु में यदि बुटि या कमी है, तो उसका दायित्व सम्पादक मण्डल और प्रकाशक का नहीं होगा।

लालजी मौर्यं द्वारा 'अनुभव पब्लिशिंग हाउस' के लिए प्रकाशित। कृष्णा कम्प्यूटर द्वारा शब्द-संयोजन तथा रामू प्रिटिंग प्रेस, इलाहाबाद द्वारा मुद्रित।

नेहर के.जी.के. ((सलाहकार समिति

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Nehru's Contribution to the Healthy International Relations

Dr. Jagmeet Singh, & Dr. Dajinder Kaur,

Jawaharlal Nehru was a person who played a manifolded role not only in the development of modern India, but also in the international relations. He is a leading political thinker of twentieth century and a whistle blower for the movement of international peace. He was greatly influenced by Mahatma Gandhi; however he was not a blind follower of Gandhism. On many key issues his views were different from Gandhi but even then he cooperated with him in large measure. Apart from a follower of Gandhism it was the philosophy of humanistic liberalism and the Marxist-Leninist philosophy that influenced the Nehru's thought to a great extent. He had a great feeling of love for his country but he never advocated the idea of narrow nationalism. Basically he tried to serve the purpose of internationalism through nationalism. He was a statesman in the true sense of the term, apart from working for the independence of the nation; he was equally concerned with the socio-economic transformation of the Indian society. He opted to lead a state which had a recently gone through a dreadful partition and was ruined by the imperialistic policies. He started the task of nation building at a time when many difficulties and formidable challenges were there infront of the nation. Social plurity, cultural diversity, strong roots of tradition, socio, economic, political backwardness, communal conflicts etc. were the building for Nehru. democracy at a time But he has chosen the main instrument was

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Though his policie
criticism in context
of India and Hindu
overcoming the con

Apart from a framing of Indian I autonomous to take he used to consult instructions of the he never consulted to concern his coll foreign policy. In

1950 after the one can be in the policies he made international affair making India a ke equally concerned brotherhood. His concerned were the main instance.